

Kentucky Gazette.

[NUMB. XXXII]

Quicquid agunt homines—nostri farrago libelli. Juv. Sat. 8. v. 85.

[VOL. VIII]

SATURDAY, APRIL 25, 1795.

LEXINGTON; Printed by JOHN BRADFORD, at his Office on Main Street; where Subscriptions, (at Fifteen Shillings per Annum) Advertisements &c are thankfully received, and Printing in its different branches done with care and expedition.

THE SUBSCRIBER
Hereby informs his friends and the
public in general,
THAT HE CARRIES ON THE
WATCH BUSINESS
IN ITS VARIOUS BRANCHES,
Next door to **ROBERT HOLMES**
the Chair maker;

Where those who please to
favor him with their custom, shall
have their work done on the short-
est notice.

HE HAS A FEW VALUABLE
SILVER WATCHES
FOR SALE FOR CASH!
LEWIS WEST.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.
For Black WILL.

RAN away from the subscriber
on the 11th of April 1795,
WILL. is twenty years of age, five
feet six inches high, heavy make,
Any person taking up the above
fellow and securing him so that
the owner can get him again shall
be entitled to the above reward
and all reasonable charges paid by
Robert Benham.

Mouth of Licking,
New-Port, Campbell county,
State of Kentucky.

FOR SALE.
TWO HUNDRED ACRES OF
LAND,

WITHIN eight miles of Lex-
ington, on the old Leeflow
road; there is about fifty acres
cleared and under good fence, a
hewed log dwelling house, two
stories high, shingle roof and two
stone chimneys; a log barn, 60
feet by 20, good floors and shingle
roof, kitchen and other out houses,
a fine young peach orchard, fine
meadow and pasture. For terms
apply to the subscriber on the
premises.

Austin Beauchamp.

April 13.

NOTICE.

I have opened a
COMMISSION OFFICE.
AT the house formerly occupied
by Mr. Bradford, near the low-
er end of the Main Street in Lex-
ington; where attention shall be
given to the sale or purchase of
lands, the registering and payment
of taxes thereon, and to the inves-
tigation of titles thereto. I will
also settle accounts, collect debts,
and do such other business as I may
be favored with.

RICHARD TERRELL.

P. S. I have some valuable lands
for sale in the counties of Mason
and Shelby, and also in the milita-
ry line south west of the Ohio, up-
on very low terms for cash. if

A large company will
meet at the Crab orchard
on the 28th of April, in
order to start early the next
morning through the Wil-
derness.

ROBERT BARR,
At his **STORE** on Main Street, sign
of the spinning Wheel, adjoining
the two Locust Trees, has

Just Imported

A Large and General Assortment of
MERCHANDIZE;

Suitable to the present and approach-
ing season;

And when joined with his present
Stock of Goods on hand,

will make the Largest and Com-
pletest assortment So-e he has yet
imported to this place, which he
will vend on his customary **LOW**
terms.—As this present importa-
tion of Goods has been principally
laid in with Cash, it will enable
him to fix his prices on such **MODERATE**
TERMS, that he flatters him-
self he shall be able to meet the
approbation of his former custom-
ers, and the public in general.
Those gentlemen and ladies that
will please to call and make tri-
al of his prices, he trusts will, in
future, incline their interest to con-
tinue their favors. if

The subscriber is just returned
from Philadelphia, and is now
opening in the Store lately oc-
cupied by Mr. John Clarke, next
door to Messrs. Love and Brent's
tavern.

A General Assortment of
MERCHANDIZE,

VIZ.

DRY Goods, suitable to the pre-
sent and approaching season,
Linen Ware and Cutlery,
Fewster and Tin,
Queen's Ware and Glass,
Window Glass and looking Glasses,
Groceries, Wines and Spirits,
Patent and other Medicines.

With many other articles, all
of which he will sell on moderate
terms for **CASH.**

John Crozier.

Lexington, March 2.

TAKEN up on the plantation of
Isaac Shelby, in Lincoln coun-
ty, the following **RAY CATTLE:**

viz. One steer, three years old past,
marked with a crop in the right
ear, and half crop in the left; ap-
praised to 21.

One black and white steer, two
years old past last spring, marked
with a crop in the right ear and
underlock in the left; appraised
to 21.

One spotted black and white, 3
years old next spring, marked with
a crop in the right ear and a hole
in the left; appraised to 11. 15s.

One red and white steer, two
years old next spring, marked with
a swallowfork in the right ear and
half crop in the left; appraised to
11. 10s.

And one brindled heifer and
calf, the heifer two years old, mar-
ked with a crop in the right ear
and a slit in the left; appraised to
21. 3s.

William Smith, Overfeer.
January 9. 6||

BACON:

A N T E D,
A Quantity of
Well Cured Bacon.

Middlings will be preferred—For
which I will give a generous price
in Merchandise.

James Morrison.

Lexington, April 17.

I will receive **BACON** in
discharge of book accounts. 4c

SAMUEL AYRES.

RESPECTFULLY informs his
friends and the public in ge-
neral that he has removed his shop
higher up on Main Street, next door
above Mr. Moore's, and nearly op-
posite the Free Mason's lodge,
where he still continues to make
and repair all kinds of Gold and
Silver work and repair watches in
the neatest and best manner. All
those who please to favor him with
their custom, may depend on ha-
ving their work done as expedi-
tious as the time and nature of the
business will admit.

Lexington, February 28.

JUST ARRIVED,

AND NOW OPENING FOR SALE BY

BENJAMIN STOUT,

NEXT door to Henry Marshall's
tavern, a handsome and ge-
neral Assortment of **MERCHAN-
DISE,** consisting of Dry Goods,
Groceries, Iron Mongery, Glass &
Queens Ware, Medicines, Boots
and Shoes, Calf skins and Boot
Leads; also a quantity of Hops,
which he will dispose of on the
lowest terms for Cash, Whiskey,
Bear Skins, and country made Su-
gar.

Lexington, Jan. 22, 1795.

ALL persons who have had ac-
counts at the store lately kept
by Mr. Samuel Downing, next
door to Henry Marshall's tavern,
are requested to make immediate
payments to the subscriber, Mr.
Downing, who was only employed
by him to sell the goods, having
given up to him the books and ac-
counts, legally proved.

If due attention is not paid to
this notice, the subscriber will be
under the necessity to put all the
accounts that will admit of it, in-
to the hands of a magistrate for
recovery; and take other steps
for recovery of such as are above
the jurisdiction of a magistrate.

ANDREW HARE.

Lexington, Jan. 9, 1795.

TAKEN up by the subscriber,
living near Warwick, a four el
MARE, eleven or twelve years old,
thirteen hands three inches high,
died before, no brand, appraised
to 91.

Thomas Spalding.

Mercer, March 10, 1795.

BLANK DEEDS,

Printed on excellent paper
For sale at this Office.

FOR SALE.

4670 1-2 acres of LAND,
on Caney creek, a branch of Ruff
creek, and on the head of sundry
waters, branches of Ruff creek, &
the head of Little Clifty in Hardin
county.

1500 acres on Clover creek in
Hardin county.

1500 acres on Sinking creek,
(now known by the name of Pit-
man's creek) in Greene county.

1000 acres on Brashiers's creek,
in Shelby county.

1000 acres on Rock-castle, in
Lincoln county.

2000 acres located by Col. James
Knox, being part of an entry of
5000 acres made in the name of
James Harris.

1000 Acres in Mercer county on
the road leading from Harrods-
burgh to Frankfort, about fifteen
miles from Frankfort.

800 Acres on Brush creek, a
branch of Green river, about seven
miles from Greene court-house.

400 Acres in Mason county, near
May's Lick.

500 Acres about ten or twelve
miles from the Iron Works, on
the waters of Slate.

200 Acres near the last mention-
ed Land.

1200 acres about eight miles
Eastwardly of the Big Bone Lick.

Also, 240 Acres on Green river
in Lincoln county. Any person
may know the terms by applying
to the subscriber near Danville in
Mercer county.

Samuel M'Dowell,

April 6, 1795. 6c

FOR SALE.

Two Tracts of LAND,
PART of my Military right, one
containing 1000 acres, lying
on Green river, about five miles
above the mouth of Big Barren;
the other containing 1500 acres,
lying on Boyd's creek, a branch
of Big Barren.

A L S O,

A tract of **LAND**, in Woodford
county, containing about 350 acres,
lying between Rowe's run and
Glen's creek, on the Kentucky ri-
ver, and about nine miles by wa-
ter above Frankfort. For terms
apply to **JOHN FOWLER** Esq.
Lexington, or to me in Woodford.

George Muter.

April 6. 3w

ALL persons who have any
claims against the estate of
the late Major **DAVID LEITCH,**
are requested to make them known
to me in order that provision may
be made to discharge the same.

John Fowler.

March 20.

I want to buy a quantity
of out lands in this state, those
who wish to sell, may find a
purchaser, by applying to me in
Lexington.
if Thomas Irwin.

A singular examination,
Before a certain justice of the
Peace lately in England.

Justice. *W*HAT have you to al-
ledge against the prisoner?
Accuser. Please your worship's
grace, I am come to prosecute him
on the dog act.

Defence. 'Tis a false charge—
I never stole a dog in all my born
days; and if any one should dare
to say I did, I would tell him he
was a glibious liar to his face.

Accuser. I say you are one of
the most notorious dog stealers in En-
gland, and I can prove as how you
stole my bitch.

Tri.—As to my stealing a few
bitches now and then, I don't pre-
tend to deny. It is better to pick
up a little money in an honest em-
ployment like that, than to lounge
about like an idle vagabond.—
There is no harm at all in stealing
bitches.

Just. I believe, fellow, I shall
convince you to the contrary.

Tri. You must not pretend to
tell me law better than I know it,
I was bred to the crown law, and
served a regular clerkship to it as
among my brethren in the neighbor-
hood of Chick lane. I think I
should have made a figure, if I had
been called to the bar.

Just. Then you will shortly
have an opportunity of shining in
your sphere.

Tri. I should have been hang-
ed many felloious ago, if so be as I
had not been clever in turning and
twining the acts of Parliament.
I have not studied law for nothing.
Lord bless your dear worship's eyes,
I have made the most learned judges
going, knock under to me.—When
I came to explain an *indebitate*
what law was, they hung down
their ears, looked foolish, and had
not a word to say for themselves.

Just. Have not you stole the
man's bitch.

Tri. I have.

Just. Then I shall convict you
in the penalty of forty pounds.

Tri. I have carefully perused
the act of Parliament, and defy
you, or any other dealer in the
peace, to hurt a hair of my head.
You must not pretend to teach
these that can teach you. I know
a thing or two, and if you don't
mind what you are about, you may
perhaps, catch cold.

Just. If you threaten me I shall
commit you.

Tri. You had better commit for-
nication.

Just. Is not a bitch a dog?

Tri. Is not your wife a justice
of the peace? Your worship won't
pretend to say now that a cow is a
bull?

Just. I insist upon it that, ac-
cording to the true spirit of the
statute, a dog and a bitch is ex-
actly the same thing.

Tri. I dare you to commit me
on the statute of 10 G. 3. The
word bitch is not so much as men-
tioned in it. I had the opinion of
my brethren upon this gig, and bl-
st me if I don't heal as many bitches
as I come near, spite of all the old
women in the commission.

Just. If you call me an old
woman again I'll trounce you.

Tri. Read that and be convin-
ced [Presenting to the Justice the
act of parliament against dog steal-
ing.]

Just. [After having read the act]
Discharge this fellow—I shall not
venture to commit him.

Tri. Lord help the poor law
makers, they always leave a hole
for a man of *genius* to creep out
of! If they have a mind to make
their acts binding, they must con-
sult one of us knowing ones, who
are up to a thing or two, which is
more than you are.

Exeunt Generally.

DEPARTMENT OF WAR.

January 27th, 1795.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to transmit

to you, a copy of the treaty con-
cluded with the Six Nations of In-
dians at Konongdaiga, on the ele-
venth day of last November; by
which you will see, that the tem-
porary obstacles of the establish-
ment formerly contemplated by
the late of Pennsylvania at Presq-
uette are removed.

I am with great respect

Sir,

Your most obedient servant.

T. PICKERING.

Secretary of War.

The governor of
Pennsylvania.

GEORGE WASHINGTON,
President of the United States of A-
merica.

To all to whom these presents
shall come,

GREETING.

WHEREAS a treaty of
Peace and Friendship between the
United States of America, and the
tribes of Indians called the Six Na-
tions, was made and concluded on
the eleventh day of November last,
by Timothy Pickering, the agent
of the United States for that pur-
pose, appointed on the one part,
and the Chiefs and Warriors of
the Six Nations on the other part;
which treaty is in the form and
words following:

A treaty between the United
States of America and the tribes of
Indians called the Six Nations.

The President of the United
States having determined to hold a
conference with the Six Nations
of Indians, for the purpose of re-
moving from their minds all cau-
ses of complaint, and establishing a
firm and permanent friendship
with them; and Timothy Pick-
ering being appointed sole agent
for that purpose; and the agent
having met and conferred with
the Sachems, Chiefs and Warriors
of the Six Nations, in a general
council: Now in order to accom-
plish the good design of this con-
ference, the parties have agreed
on the following articles, which,
when ratified by the President,
with the advice and consent of
the Senate, of the United States, shall
be binding on them and the Six
Nations.

Article I. Peace and friendship
are hereby firmly established, and
shall be perpetual, between the U-
nited States and the Six Nations.

Article II. The United States
acknowledge the lands reserved to
the Onondaga, Cayuga and Cay-
uga Nations, in their respective
treaties with the State of New-
York, and called their reservations,
to be their property; and the
United States will never claim the
same, nor disturb them or either
of the Six Nations, nor their Indian
friends residing thereon and united
with them, in the free use and
enjoyment thereof; but the said
reservations shall remain theirs,
until they choose to sell the same
to the people of the United States
who have the right to purchase.

Article III. The land of the Se-
neca Nation is bounded as follows:
Beginning on Lake Ontario, at the
northwest corner of the land they
sold to Oliver Phelps, the line runs
westward along the lake, as far
as O-Yong-Wong Yeh creek, at
Johnston's landing place, about
four miles eastward from the fort
of Niagara; then, fourthwardly
up that creek to its main fork,
then straight to the main fork of
Sredman's creek, which empties
into the river Niagara above fort
Schloffer, and then onward from
that fork, continuing the same
straight course, to that river;
(this line from the mouth of O-
Yong-Wong Yeh creek to the river
Niagara above fort Schloffer, be-
ing the eastern boundary of a strip
of land, extending from the same
land to Niagara river, which the
Seneca nation ceded to the king
of Great Britain, at a treaty held
about thirty years ago with Sir
William Johnson;) then the line

runs along the river Niagara to
lake Erie, then along lake Erie
to the northeast corner of a trian-
gular piece of land which the U-
nited States conveyed to the State
of Pennsylvania, as by the Presi-
dent's patent, dated the third of
March 1792, then due south to the
northern boundary of that State;
then due east to the southwest cor-
ner of the land sold by the Se-
neca nation to Oliver Phelps; and
then north and northwardly, along
Phelps's line, to the place of be-
ginning on lake Ontario.

NOW the United States ac-
knowledge all the land within the
aforementioned boundaries to be
the property of the Seneca nation;
and the United States will never
claim the same, nor disturb the Se-
neca nation, nor any of the Six
Nations or of their Indian friends
residing thereon and united with
them, in the free use and enjoy-
ment thereof; but it shall remain
theirs until they choose to sell the
same to the people of the United
States who have the right to pur-
chase.

Article IV. The United States
having thus described and acknow-
ledged what lands belong to the
Onondaga, Cayuga and Cayuga
and Seneca, and engaged never to
claim the same, nor to disturb them
or any of the Six Nations, or their
Indian friends residing thereon and
united with them, in the free use
and enjoyment thereof: Now the Six
Nations and each of them hereby
engage that they will never claim
any other lands within the bound-
aries of the United States, nor ever
disturb the people of the United
States, in the free use and enjoy-
ment thereof.

Article V. The Seneca nation, &
all others of the Six Nations con-
curring, cede to the United States
the right of making a wagon
road from fort Schloffer to lake E-
rie, as far south as Buffalo creek;
and the people of the United States
shall have the free and undisturbed
use of this road, for the purposes
of traveling and transportation.
And the Six Nations will forever
allow to the people of the United
States a free passage through their
lands, and the free use of the har-
bors and rivers adjoining and with-
in their respective tracts of land,
for the passing and securing of
vessels and boats, and liberty to
land their cargoes when necessary
for their safety.

Article VI. In consideration of
the peace and friendship hereby
established, and of the engagements
entered into by the Six Nations;
and because the United States de-
sire, with humanity and kindness,
to contribute to their comfortable
support, and to render the peace
and friendship hereby established,
strong and perpetual; the United
States now deliver to the Six Na-
tions and the Indians of the other
nations residing among and united
with them, a quantity of goods of
the value of ten thousand dollars.
And for the same considerations
and with a view to promote the
future welfare of the Six Nations
and their Indian friends aforesaid,
the United States will add the sum
of three thousand dollars to the
one thousand five hundred dollars
heretofore allowed them by an ar-
ticle ratified by the President on the
twenty-third day of April 1792;
making the whole four thousand
five hundred dollars; which shall
be expended yearly forever, in
purchasing clothing, domestic an-
imals, implements of husbandry,
and other utensils suited to their
circumstances, and in compensa-
ting useful artificers who shall re-
side with or near them, and be em-
ployed for their benefit. The im-
mediate application of the whole
annual allowance now stipulated,
to be made by the superintendent
appointed by the President for the
affairs of the Six Nations and
their Indian friends aforesaid.

Article VII. Let the firm peace

and friendship now established
should be interrupted by the mis-
conduct of individuals, the United
States and Six Nations agree, that
for injuries done by individuals,
on either side, no private revenge
or retaliation shall take place; but
instead thereof, complaint shall be
made by the party injured to the
other: by the Six Nations or any
of them, to the President of the
United States, or the superintend-
ant, by him appointed, and by the
superintendent or other person
appointed by the President, to the
principal chiefs of the Six Nations,
or of the nation to which the of-
fender belongs; and such prudent
measures shall then be pursued as
shall be necessary to preserve our
peace and friendship unbroken;
until the legislature (or great
council) of the United States shall
make other equitable provision for
the purpose.

Note. It is clearly understood
by the parties to this treaty, that
the annuity stipulated in the sixth
article is to be applied to the bene-
fit of such of the Six Nations and
of their Indian friends, united
with them as aforesaid, as do or
shall reside within the boundaries
of the United States. For the U-
nited States do not interfere with
nations, tribes or families of Indi-
ans elsewhere resident.

In witness whereof the said Ti-
mothy Pickering and Sachems
and War Chiefs of the Six
Nations, have hereunto set their
hands and seals. Done at Kon-
ongdaiga in the State of New-
York, the eleventh day of No-
vember, in the year one thou-
sand seven hundred and nine-
ty-four.

TIMOTHY PICKERING. (I.S.)
[Here followed the signatures on
the part of the Indian tribes (38 in
number) together with the witnesses
(12 in number) on the part of the
United States.]

NOW KNOW YE, that I hav-
ing seen and considered the said
treaty, do by and with the advice
and consent of the Senate of the
United States, accept, ratify and
confirm the same, and every article
and clause thereof. In testimony
whereof I have caused the seal of
the United States to be hereunto
affixed, and signed the same with
my hand.

[Signed January 21, 1795.]

Lexington, April 25.

APPOINTMENTS.

Joseph Habersham Esq. of Geor-
gia, Post-Master-General of the
United States.

Jonathan Jackson Esq. of Massa-
chusetts, Comptroller of the Treas-
ury of the United States.

Tench Francis Esq. Purveyor of
Public Supplies.

ALL those indebted to the sub-
scribers are requested to make
payment on or before the 20th of
May next. Those who fail must
expect such measures will be tak-
en as will be disagreeable to them
as well as to

Boggs & Anderson.

Lexington April 11

TAKEN up on the big fourth
fork of the Rolling road, out
of the settlement of this State, by
John Reed, living on the Rolling
road, Washington county, a bay
MARE, big with foal, nearly 14
hands high, 3 years old, both hind
feet white up to the fetlocks, has
several saddle spots, branded on
the near shoulder not legible, not
docked, appraised to 12l.

February 2, 1795.

Washington County ss.

I do hereby certify that the a-
bove stray was taken up before me,
a justice of the peace for said
county, according to law, and
left in my care. Given under my
hand this 13th day of April 1795.

Philip Cleland.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Clarke county, on the Kentucky river, near the mouth of Indian creek, a dark bay Mare, six years old, left hind foot white, no brand perceivable, some white hairs in the forehead, snip on the right side of the nose, appraised to 75.

Joseph Jackson.

April 22, 1795.

ALL PERSONS ARE CAUTIONED

AGAINST taking an assignment on my bond, given to William Ballard, for One hundred pounds valued, as well as I recollect in the year 1785 or dealing with him for it, as I have his receipt in full against the same.

Richard E. Beale.

April 24, 1795.

THE balance of the unpaid Lots in Wilmington, Campbell county, will be sold by the trustees of said town on the first Monday of May ensuing, the same being court-day. I shall personally attend myself in order to sell a quantity of Lands in the neighborhood of Wilmington, for which I will give two years credit.

John Grant.

THIS is to give Notice,

TO those distillers who find it convenient to deliver their Whiskey in Lexington, that Benjamin Stout is authorized to receive the same, next door to Henry Marshall's tavern.

Thomas Carnall, col. rev.

Lexington, Feb. 19, 1795.

SALE of the lots in NEW-TOWN, Jefferson county, will be held in said town on the third Monday in May next.

Levin Fields, } Trustee.
Jacob Hornbeck, }
James Standford, }

February 7, 1795.

WE have some time since given notice, that our Copartnership was about to expire, and requested those who were indebted to us to come and settle their accounts. We again request that those who have not complied with our former request to come and settle with Mr. John Clay, who will superintend the business during our absence, which will be until about the last of May next; it is hoped that those who cannot make payment immediately will give their obligations, as no further indulgence can be given.

P. CALDWELL & Co.
Lexington, March 23, 1795.

TAKEN up by the subscriber in Fayette county, near Bryan's station, a sorrel Mare colt, one year old past last spring, no brand, blaze face, appraised to 41. 10s. Also, a bay Mare, three years old, thirteen hands high, no brand, trots and paces, appraised to 41. 10s.

William Rofs.

January 21, 1795.

FOR SALE.

A LOT, twenty by sixty feet, at the corner of Water and Cross streets, on which is a two story framed house, also a good stable. For terms apply to the subscriber on the premises.

Archibald Brown.

Lexington, April 9.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living on Harrod's creek, in Bourbon county, a black Mare 4 years old, the brand not legible, a star in her forehead, about fourteen hands high, natural trotter, valued to 51.

James Mitchell.

NOTICE

IS hereby given to all those for whom Terrell & Hawkins cleared out preemptions in Kentucky; that they are ready to make divisions of the Lands, in order that they may be regulated for the payment of taxes, as we shall only enter the proportions of Terrell & Hawkins. We are ready to survey the preemption upon Miller Edwards's improvement on the Ohio below the mouth of Sciota, and also that upon Nath. H. Triplett's improvement whenever the improvement shall be thrown.

Richard Terrell, } Att'ys for
James Hawkins } Terrell & Hawkins.

Lexington, August 26, 1794.

GEORGE SMARKS, CLOCK & WATCH MAKER,

FROM BRITAIN.

AT the corner of Main and Mulberry streets, in the brick house lately occupied by Mr. Clark, thinks it necessary to acquaint the public, that he intends carrying on the above business in all its various branches; those who are pleased to favor him with their custom, may depend upon its being done with punctuality and dispatch. He has a neat assortment of thirteen inch plain double moon and seconds from the center, eight day and thirty hour Clocks; likewise a few Gold and Silver Watches, which will be sold upon reasonable terms.

A LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post-Office, Lexington, and if not taken out within three Months will be sent to the General Post-Office as Dead Letters.

CHAPMAN Austin, care of Messrs. Weisger & Fowler; Allen Anderson, Scott county; 2; William Allen, near Lexington.

John Brown, Madison county; 2; James Crawford, Wills creek, near Lexington, or elsewhere; James Croucher, near Strode's station; Abloom Campbell, Scott county; Daniel Cole, Kentucky; Robert Cormick, shoemaker.

Joseph Fleming, Jefferson county, near Lexington; Thomas Fletcher, Lexington, Kentucky; John Garrett, Scott county; Robert Gibson, Fayette county, 2.

Luke Hanlon, near Washington; Thomas Hubbard, near Lexington.

William James, near Clarkburg, Harrison county.

John McKee, Bourbon county; Francis McConnell, Lexington; John McIntire, near Strode's station; James Milligan, care of Henry Marshall, Lexington.

James and William Neal, Kentucky 2.

Jeremiah Prather, Lexington; Mr. Prothro, cabinet maker, Lexington.

Joseph Ramsford, Lexington; Col. John Russell, Kentucky, 2.

Richard Stephenson; Campbell Smith, Western Army; Samuel Smyth, Wilsons creek, Kentucky; Mr. Cyrus Sackett, care of Dr. Cogwell, near Lexington.

Philemon Thomas, near Lexington.

Peter Weldy, Fayette county. INNES B. BRENT, P. M.

A LARGE PARTY

FROM Cincinnati and Kentucky, will meet at Limestone on the 7th of May, in order to set out on the 8th for Wheeling and Pittsburgh.

April 22.

WANTED

To purchase,

The pay of the Volunteers, That served on the late expedition under major gen. Scott, for which

Cash and Merchandize Will be given by TROTTER & SCOTT.

March 27, 1795.

FOUR DOLLARS

REWARD.

STAYED from the subscriber about the 20th March last, a dark iron gray HORSE, about 14 hands high, 6 years old, a blaze face with a gray spot over his left eye, the lower part of his tail and one hind foot white; branded on the neck under the mane with the letters filled with whitish hairs. He was seen about 13 miles from this place on the lower Limestone road. Whoever delivers said horse to the subscriber shall receive the above reward.

William Hughes.

Lexington, April 24, 1795.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living on a branch of Booley's run, about three miles from Thomas Linnard's, a black Mare, adjudged to be nine years old, about thirteen and a half hands high, part of her near hind foot white, has a scar on the near shoulder a little below the usual place for a brand, her mane has been cut and hangs to the left side.

John Ward.

April 6, 1795.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing the following papers, (to wit) a bond from Afa Webb, to Cornel O'Donald, for twenty five pounds, Virginia currency, to be paid on demand, assigned by said O'Donald to the subscriber, and by him to James Campbell, the bond was dated some time last summer; also a note from me to said James Campbell, for nineteen pounds, payable in cattle, some time in the present month, and dated some time in December last. Likewise a note for ten pounds from me, payable to said Connell O'Donald, on demand; as no payments will be made thereon unless compelled by law.

Matthew Kavenaugh.

April 6, 1795.

FOR SALE

1400 Acres of LAND, ON the waters of Tates and Silver creek, adjoining the lands of Benjamin Quinn and Christopher Irvine.

1400 Acres adjoining the above, on Taylors fork of Silver creek.

1400 Acres on Paint lick on the trace from Boonborough to Logan's station, adjoining John Mayo, William Kirtly and Joseph Craig's land.

1000 Acres on the North fork of Rockcastle, on the trace leading from Boonborough to the Hazle Patch.

1000 Acres adjoining, including the trace.

8000 Acres, lying on the Dividing Ridge, on the trace leading from Boonborough to Logan's, between the fords of Tates and Silver creek.

2000 Acres on the waters of Otter creek, adjoining Joseph Felp's settlement and preemption, and Bowles' preemption.

2000 Acres on the waters of Silver and Muddy creek, adjoining Samuel Estill's assignee of Webber.

500 Acres adjoining William Hancock's settlement and preemption.

11,000 Acres on the south side of Tennessee river, in the land laid apart for the late American army.

4000 Acres on Station Camp creek, near Estill's station.

1000 Acres lying on main Muddy creek, above Crew's preemption.

1250 Acres lying on Silver and Station Camp creeks, adjoining Luttrell's preemption.

The above Lands were all located by Green Clay esq. of Madison county (in the name of William Mayo, in the years 1780, 1781) who can shew and give all necessary

information to any persons inclinable to purchase.

1000 Acres Military Land granted in the name of John Ronyee, on the waters of Grave creek a branch of Green river, adjoining Robert Beall's survey, within the Green River settlements.

1000 Acres granted to Henry Lee esq. on a warrant issued the 15th October 1779 and surveyed in 1781, in Nelson county on the waters of Mill creek near Baird's town, whereon are several settlements already improved. Matthew Walton esq. can shew this land.

2000 Acres Military Land, granted to capt. Abner Crump, on Green river near the fording of Cumberland trace. Capt. Abraham Chapman can give further information, located by him.

8000 Acres granted to Jacob Rubiomen, near the mouth of main Licking, located by William Kennedy esq. of Mercer county, and surveyed under his direction.

10,000 Acres surveyed for Jacob Rubiomen, on the waters of Slate creek, located and surveyed under the direction of said Kennedy.

2666 2/3 Acres military land, granted to licut. William Smith, on Green river.

The above Lands will be sold, on low terms for cash or produce and the terms made easy to the purchasers.

JOHN FOWLER.

ALL those indebted to the subscribers are earnestly requested to make immediate payment, as they mean to give no longer indulgence. Likewise those who have any demands against them to bring in their accounts for settlement.

Seitz & Lauman.

January 6, 1795.

BY YESTERDAY'S MAIL:

PHILADELPHIA, March 28. The following extract of a letter from St. Thomas of the 15th Feb. received by the Mary Ann, Capt. Kearney, is communicated to the public for the information of Merchants trading to the West-Indies.

The English lately issued a proclamation declaring the island of Guadaloupe in a state of blockade, and the French of that Island in return have declared the English islands to be in a similar state, and take all neutral vessels taking supplies, or bringing produce from thence. They have already captured and condemned several Danish and some American vessels. Their privateers are numerous and mischievous, and notwithstanding that each British island has at the public expence fitted out privateers to check them, their numbers and depredations increase.

The schooner Maria left Bordeaux the 10th of January. Accounts by her say, that the Republic is universally triumphant. That there is no hope of peace this year, but that tranquility reigns in the interior of the Republic; that the factions are destroyed; that Colonel Terbois, Barrere, Billaud Varennes, members of the Convention, have been denounced as ancient conspirators, and that a Commission of twenty one members had been appointed their judges.

[Cour. Fran.]

Savannah, March 5. Captain Atkins, who arrived on Thursday last in sixteen days from Barbadoes, informs, that a packet arrived from Falmouth the day before he sailed. After a passage of 22 days, by which account had been received of a cessation of arms for two months having taken place in Europe. No troops from England had arrived when he came away.

L A W OF THE UNITED STATES

An act to establish an uniform rule of naturalization; and to repeal the act heretofore passed on that subject.

FOR carrying into complete effect, the power given by the constitution, to establish an uniform rule of naturalization throughout the United States:

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and house of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, that any alien being a free white person, may be admitted to become a citizen of the United States or any of them, on the following conditions, and not otherwise:

First. He shall have declared on oath or affirmation, before the supreme, superior, district or circuit court of some one of the states, or of the territories northwest or south of the river Ohio, or a circuit or district court of the United States, three years at least before his admission, that it was bona fide, his intention to become a citizen of the United States, and to renounce forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince, potentate, state or sovereignty whatever, and particularly by name the prince, potentate, state or sovereignty whereof such alien was at the time, be a citizen or subject.

Secondly. He shall, at the time of his application to be admitted, declare on oath or affirmation, before some one of the courts aforesaid, that he has resided within the United States, five years at least; and within the state or territory, where such court is at the time held, one year at least; that he will support the constitution of the United States; and that he doth absolutely and entirely renounce and abjure all allegiance and fidelity to every foreign prince, potentate, state or sovereignty, whereof he was before a citizen or subject; which proceedings shall be recorded by the clerk of the court.

Thirdly. The court admitting such alien, shall be satisfied that he has resided within the limits and under the jurisdiction of the United States five years; and it shall further appear to their satisfaction, that during that time, he has behaved as a man of a good moral character, attached to the principles of the constitution of the United States, and well disposed to the good order and happiness of the same.

Fourthly. In case the alien applying to be admitted to citizenship shall have borne any hereditary title, or been of any of the orders of nobility, in the kingdom or state from which he came, he shall in addition to the above requisites, make an express renunciation of his title or order of nobility, in the court to which his application shall be made: which renunciation shall be recorded in the said court.

Sec. 2. Provided always, and be it further enacted, that any alien now residing within the limits and under the jurisdiction of the United States, may be admitted to become a citizen on his declaring on oath or affirmation, in some one of the courts aforesaid, that he has resided two years at least, within and under the jurisdiction of the same, and one year at least, within the state or territory where such court is at the time held; that he will support the constitution of the United States; and that he doth absolutely and entirely renounce and abjure all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince, potentate, state or sovereignty, whereof he was before a citizen or subject; and moreover on his appearing to the satisfaction of the court that during the said term of two years, he has behaved as a man of good

moral character, attached to the constitution of the United States, and well disposed to the good order and happiness of the same; and where the alien applying for admission to citizenship, shall have borne any hereditary title, or been of any order of nobility, in the kingdom or state from which he came, on his moreover making in the court an express renunciation of his title or order of nobility, before he shall be entitled to such admission; all of which proceedings, required in this provision to be formed in the court, shall be recorded by the clerk thereof.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, that the children of persons duly naturalized, dwelling within the United States, and being under the age of twenty-one years, at the time of such naturalization; and the children of the citizens of the United States born out of the limits and jurisdiction of the United States, shall be considered as citizens of the United States: Provided that the right of citizenship shall not descend to persons, whose fathers have never been resident in the United States: Provided also, that no persons heretofore professed by any state, or who have been legally convicted of having joined the army of Great Britain, during the late war, shall be admitted a citizen as aforesaid, without the consent of the legislature of the state, in which such person was professed.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, that the act entitled "An act to establish an uniform rule of naturalization," passed the twenty-sixth day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

Approved, January 29, 1795.

BOSTON, February 7.

We facilitate our readers and the public on the uninterrupted success of the French Republic. Our European papers are to the 3d of January last. For these registers of the most important intelligence to the cause of democratic republicanism, we are obliged to Capt. Chipman, of the Mary, from Lynn.

The horrors of war which the British cabinet certainly meditated against the American Republic, have been happily prevented by a chain of victories in the Republican armies of France, to which no history can afford a parallel.

The confederacy of despots is now no more. Holland, the aid of Great Britain and the passive instrument of her ambition, or the subject of her keenest resentment, as in the case of her provision I treaty with this country in our late war—Holland certainly, by this time is either reduced by the power of the French government, or has negotiated a separate peace. We hope the last—For we love the Dutch patriots, who have always befriended the Americans in the time of the calamities under the George of Great Britain.

As to Austria, Prussia and Spain, the report of the committee on the subject of peace, in this paper, shows the disposition of the French convention to be at peace with them.

Our old friend the King of England has made a (last) speech, expressing hopes in a cause almost hopeless.

No comments on this official document, on our part, are therefore necessary. No particulars of the treaty of commerce and amity, are given in any of the papers yet received; though mention is made of it in the speech. We cannot therefore inform precisely what the articles in this treaty are—Reports by private letters at the southward say, the principle articles are; a surrender of the Western Posts, in eighteen months—a right to recover, bona fide debts in

either country—Commissioners to be appointed to adjust the principles of a free trade; to make report in two years, and American vessels under certain restrictions, to be admitted into the West India islands—but as we are not in possession of the treaty, we vouch not for the authenticity of the reports.

In France, all is quiet—the nation becomes more moderate, as its enemies are reduced in power.

The MARQUIS LA FAYETTE, we are happy to hear, has made his escape from his long confinement. It is said he intends coming to America.

We always predicted that the French would maintain their Republic; and they have maintained it. We always predicted that the fundamental principles of equality would be preserved. They vary their measures with the occasions which presents—but occasion is fugitive—whereas the Rights of man are eternal—We hope the Convention will be the rallying point of the nation, as long as the people approve of its conduct—when they do not, we doubt not, but some other expedient will be delusion.—At present we have every thing to hope, and little to fear for the cause of democratic republicanism. All other republicanism is a cheat, and the French and Americans know it.

Vive la Republique.

NOTICE.

ALL those who have purchased Lots in the town of Port William at the mouth of Kentucky, are requested to attend at Franklin court in the month of June next, in order to have deeds executed to them for the same, and pay the respective sums due therefor.

Ben : Craig &
James Hawkins.

April 15, 1795.

SEVEN DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED FROM the mouth of Kentucky, the 4th instant, a very likely bay HORSE, fourteen and a half hands high, seven years old, some saddle spots, a small naked spot in his forehead, shod before. Whoever delivers said horse at the forks of Elkhorn, or at the mouth of Kentucky, shall have the above Reward.

Ben : Craig.

April 15, 1795.

TAKEN up by the subscriber in Harrison county, near Cynthia, a bay Mare, eleven or twelve years old, thirteen and a half hands high, branded on the near shoulder resembling W or M in a small bell on with two notches in the staple put on with a double buckle and a strap, a natural trotter, appraised to \$1.

THOMAS RANKIN.

December 24, 1794.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, near Woodford court house, a bay Mare, two years old, thirteen and a half hands high, star in her forehead, no brand perceivable, valued to \$1.

John Harris.

December 14, 1794.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in Fayette county, on Kentucky river, below the mouth of Jesse mine creek, a brown Horse, appears to have been branded but the brand not legible, not shod, 8 years old this spring, posted and appraised to \$21.

Benjamin Martin.

April 14, 1795.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living on the waters of Green creek, about five miles from Paris, a sorrel Mare, with a blaze face, nine or ten years old, about fourteen hands high, some saddle spots, big with foal, no brand perceivable, appraised to \$1.

William Warren.

December 23d, 1794.

EDWARD WEST,

TAKES this method of informing the public, that he has opened a Shop on Main street, opposite Mr. Bradford's Printing Office, where he will carry on the Silver-smith and Watchmaking business.—I hope who please to favor him with their custom in either of the above branches, may depend on having their work done in the best manner, and on the shortest notice.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, near Woodford court-house, an iron gray Mare, three years old, fourteen hands high, star in her forehead, branded on the near buttock R8 valued to \$1.

John Lott.

February 2d, 1795.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living at or below the mouth of Twin creek, on South Licking, Harrison county, a bay mare, a dark mane, tail and legs, a star in her forehead and a spot on her nose, three years old past, four feet seven inches and a half high, appraised to \$21.

Peter Huffman.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, near the mouth of Tate's creek, a dark roan Horse, three years old, thirteen hands high, has a blaze, no brand to be seen, appraised to \$1. 15s.

ANN BURTON.

January 25, 1795.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, on North Elkhorn, Scott county, a bay mare blaze face, both hind feet white, 4 years old, fourteen hands high, appraised to \$1.

William Curry.

January 27, 1795.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living in Mercer county, near Miller's ferry, a bay Horse, six years old, about thirteen hands 3 inches high, has three white feet and a small star, appraised to \$12.

DENNIS HOWLEY.

December 4, 1794.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living at the seventeen mile tree on the Hickman road, Fayette county, a sorrel Mare, four years old last spring, has a small star in her forehead, her hind feet white, has a small white speck on the left side of her jaw, thirteen hands high, a natural trotter, branded P on the near buttock; appraised to \$11.

Jennings M'Daniel.

November 1, 1794.

Any person who wants to purchase

FLOUR

BY THE BARREL, May be supplied by applying to me.

THE Flour is equal to any in this State. I will deliver the same at my landing at Four Dollars and a half per Barrel, or at Frankfort at Four Dollars and three fourths per barrel.—They may have one hundred barrels on a short notice.

Eli Cleveland.

April 18.

TAKEN up by the subscriber in Fayette county, near the mouth of Hickman creek, a dark brown MARE, five years old, neither docked nor branded; appraised to \$1. 15s.

James Hogan.

March 10.

A Company will start from the Crab orchard early on the morning of Thursday the 14th of May, thro' the Wilderness.